

NOW PREPARING FOR PUBLICATION.

THE CHRONICLE AND DIRECTORY.

For 1878.

This Work, the ONLY one of the kind in China or Japan, is now in the

SIXTEENTH YEAR.

of its existence, and will be published as soon as practicable after the close of the current year.

It has been compiled from the Most AUTHENTIC Sources, and pains have been spared to render it THOROUGHLY RELIABLE both as a Directory and as a Work of Reference on Commercial Matters.

The Directory will, as usual, be published in Two Forms—Complete at \$1; or with the Lists of Residents, Port Directors, Maps, and Code of Signals, at \$3.

Orders for Copies should be forwarded Early to the Publisher, Daily Press Office, or to the Following Agents:

MAGAO Mr. L. A. de Groot.

SWATOW Mr. Campbell & Co.

PEKING Mr. Wilson, Nichols & Co.

FOOCHOW Messrs. Wilson, Nichols & Co.

NINGPO Messrs. Kelly & Walsh.

SHANGHAI Messrs. Hall & Holtz.

HANKOW and YUNNAN Messrs. Hall & Holtz and Kelly.

RIVER PORTS Messrs. Hall & Holtz.

CHINFAO and YUNNAN Messrs. Hall & Holtz and Kelly.

TIENTSIN and PEKING Messrs. Hall & Holtz and Kelly.

PEKING Messrs. Kelly & Walsh.

NAGASAKI The C. and J. Trading Co.

FIJI-OSSAKA The C. and J. Trading Co.

YOKOHAMA Asian Gazette Co.

MANILA Messrs. Leyanga & Co.

SAFONG Messrs. Liddell and Martin.

BALI-SILO Messrs. Liddell and Martin.

LONDON Mr. E. Alcock, Clement's Lane.

LONDON Messrs. Bates, Hoadley & Co.

SAN FRANCISCO Mr. L. P. Fisher, 31, Merchants' Exchange.

NEW YORK Messrs. S. M. Telford & Co., 37, Park Row.

NOTICE.

It is hereby notified that I have placed Mr. R. CHAPERTON—WILCOXES—
CHAMBERS, the Printers and Publishers
Business carried on by the Daily Press Office
from this date, and that further notice that
WILCOXES, are retained in an Agreement
with me, for the conduct of that Business to
commence on the 1st January, 1878.YORK JONES MURROW,
by his Attorneys
Wm. PUSTAU & Co.
Hongkong, 7th November, 1877.

NOTICE.

A. S. WATSON AND CO.,
FAMILY AND DISPENSING
CHEMISTS.By Appointment to His Excellency the Go-
VERNOR and His Royal Highness the

DUKE OF EDINBURGH.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS,
PERFUMERS,
PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS,
DRUGGISTS' SURDRAVENS.And
FLAVERATED WATER MAKERS.SHIPS' MEDICINE CHESTS REPIFFED,
PASSENGER SHIP SUPPLIES.NOTICE.—To avoid delay in the execution of
Orders it is particularly requested that all
business correspondences be addressed to the
Firm, A. S. Watson and Co., or
HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Communications on Editorial matters should be
addressed to "The Editor," and those on Business to "The
Manager," and not to individuals by name.Correspondents are requested to forward their name
and address with communications addressed to the
Editor, not for publication, but as evidence of good
faith.All letters for publication should be written on one
side of the paper only.

The Daily Press,

HONGKONG, DECEMBER 31ST, 1877.

Ir is to be hoped that the lesson afforded
by the recent deplorable accident on the
steamer *Vesuvius* will not be lost upon the Go-
vernment, so that prompt legislation pro-
viding precautionary measures against a re-
currence of such a catastrophe will take place.
As matters stand, there is really no knowing
what accidents of the kind are yet in store
for us. Several of the steamers plying in
those waters are, it appears, inadequately
provided with engineers, "handy" Chi-
namen—wholly unacquainted with en-
gineering, and really only intelligent stokers
—in many cases doing duty for second
and third engineers. This state of things
should not be allowed to continue. String-
ent regulations should be drawn up as to
the number and qualifications of all en-
gineers engaged in steamers and rigidly
carried out, and periodical inspection of
boilers and machinery should be made; in
short, the home system should be adopted
here, with such additional safeguards as
recent experience of boiler accidents may
suggest.The frequency and serious character of
such catastrophes, not only in the merchant
service but in the Royal Navy, are appal-
ling; most of these are attributable to some
radical defect in the boiler, either in their
design or to the inferiority of the metal
employed in their construction, a remedy for
which can easily be provided by subjecting
all boilers before being used to the inspection
and approval of competent officers. This is
a matter which vitally concerns the public.It has been worn by some of the scientific
witnesses at the recent investigations before
the Coroner and at the Magistrate that the
only effectual way of providing against the
occurrence of boiler accidents is Government
supervision such as exists at home. So serious
and frequent accidents of this nature that
for many years past there has been in operation
an Insurance Company in England for the
purpose of protecting the user of steam
power from the consequences by providing
for periodical inspection of boilers and
machinery by competent men and for com-
pensation for the damage resulting from
such accidents. It appears from the pro-
spectus issued by the Company that during
the ten years previous to 1871 over five
hundred boiler explosions took place in the
United Kingdom, resulting in a fearful loss
of life and serious personal injuries. A
similar company might well be established
in China. In all events, it is time that Go-
vernment should take the matter up, for the
safety of the public imperatively demands
legislation, and there seems no reason why

an Ordinance dealing with the subject should
not be passed. None, we believe, are more
anxious that such legislation should take
place than the owners of steamships. We
reprint in another column an extract from a
recent article on this subject in a scientific
publication of high standing which is well
worthily pursued.

The semi-official announcement at St. Peters-
burg that the adjournment of the opening
of the British Parliament encourages the
Porto to resist Russia and will compel the
latter to march to Constantinople seems
like the seizure of a pretext for what was
always intended by the Czar but has never
hitherto been admitted. At first, in accord-
ance with past precedents, Russia was all
moderation. She only unsheathed the sword;
it was alleged, in defence of the Christian
subjects of the SULTAN; she was not actuated
by any lust of conquest or desire for more
territory. Indeed, it was with the most
profound reluctance, and only after the
utter failure of all attempts to bring the
Turkish Government to reason, that the
order was given to the Russian army to
cross the border. This is what our Blue-
coat friends say; all Europe knows the
measure of truth there is in the statement.
The arch-deceiver *Ivanov* played his game
adroitly, but he could not impose upon the
world as to make it believe that Russia had
no deeper aims than the welfare of the
Bulgarian Christians. Nor will the present
attempt to fatten upon England the re-
sponsibility for the continuance of the war
and the proposed capture of Constantinople
be more successful. Every unprejudiced
person must have divined that this was the
Russian intention from the outset,
and that, if successful, they intended to
dictate the terms of peace under the shadow
of the dome of St. Sophia. If they reach
the Turkish capital they will then throw
off the mask when we shall see them in their
true colours, and know the full extent of their
demands.

The O. and O. steamship *Oasis* returned from
the Aberdeen Docks on Saturday.

The British steamer *Triton*, Captain, W. C.
Nisbet, which formerly traded between London
and this port, is now trading to India.

The German bark *Niagara*, from Hamburg,
anchored off Cowes, Isle of Wight, Saturday night.
She is assigned to Messrs. Melchers and Co.

NOTICE.

It is hereby notified that I have placed Mr.
R. CHAPERTON—WILCOXES—
CHAMBERS, the Printers and Publishers
Business carried on by the Daily Press Office
from this date, and that further notice that
WILCOXES, are retained in an Agreement
with me, for the conduct of that Business to
commence on the 1st January, 1878.

YORK JONES MURROW,
by his Attorneys
Wm. PUSTAU & Co.
Hongkong, 7th November, 1877.

NOTICE.

A. S. WATSON AND CO.,
FAMILY AND DISPENSING
CHEMISTS.

By Appointment to His Excellency the Go-
VERNOR and His Royal Highness the

DUKE OF EDINBURGH.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS,
PERFUMERS,

PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS,
DRUGGISTS' SURDRAVENS.

And
FLAVERATED WATER MAKERS.

SHIPS' MEDICINE CHESTS REPIFFED,
PASSENGER SHIP SUPPLIES.

NOTICE.—To avoid delay in the execution of
Orders it is particularly requested that all
business correspondences be addressed to the
Firm, A. S. Watson and Co., or
HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Communications on Editorial matters should be
addressed to "The Editor," and those on Business to "The
Manager," and not to individuals by name.

Correspondents are requested to forward their name
and address with communications addressed to the
Editor, not for publication, but as evidence of good
faith.

All letters for publication should be written on one
side of the paper only.

The Daily Press,

HONGKONG, DECEMBER 31ST, 1877.

Ir is to be hoped that the lesson afforded
by the recent deplorable accident on the
steamer *Vesuvius* will not be lost upon the Go-
vernment, so that prompt legislation pro-
viding precautionary measures against a re-
currence of such a catastrophe will take place.
As matters stand, there is really no knowing
what accidents of the kind are yet in store
for us. Several of the steamers plying in
those waters are, it appears, inadequately
provided with engineers, "handy" Chi-
namen—wholly unacquainted with en-
gineering, and really only intelligent stokers
—in many cases doing duty for second
and third engineers. This state of things
should not be allowed to continue. String-
ent regulations should be drawn up as to
the number and qualifications of all en-
gineers engaged in steamers and rigidly
carried out, and periodical inspection of
boilers and machinery should be made; in
short, the home system should be adopted
here, with such additional safeguards as
recent experience of boiler accidents may
suggest.

The frequency and serious character of
such catastrophes, not only in the merchant
service but in the Royal Navy, are appal-
ling; most of these are attributable to some
radical defect in the boiler, either in their
design or to the inferiority of the metal
employed in their construction, a remedy for
which can easily be provided by subjecting
all boilers before being used to the inspection
and approval of competent officers. This is
a matter which vitally concerns the public.

It has been worn by some of the scientific
witnesses at the recent investigations before
the Coroner and at the Magistrate that the
only effectual way of providing against the
occurrence of boiler accidents is Government
supervision such as exists at home. So serious
and frequent accidents of this nature that
for many years past there has been in operation
an Insurance Company in England for the
purpose of protecting the user of steam
power from the consequences by providing
for periodical inspection of boilers and
machinery by competent men and for com-
pensation for the damage resulting from
such accidents. It appears from the pro-
spectus issued by the Company that during
the ten years previous to 1871 over five
hundred boiler explosions took place in the
United Kingdom, resulting in a fearful loss
of life and serious personal injuries. A
similar company might well be established
in China. In all events, it is time that Go-
vernment should take the matter up, for the
safety of the public imperatively demands
legislation, and there seems no reason why

an Ordinance dealing with the subject should
not be passed. None, we believe, are more
anxious that such legislation should take
place than the owners of steamships. We
reprint in another column an extract from a
recent article on this subject in a scientific
publication of high standing which is well
worthily pursued.

The semi-official announcement at St. Peters-
burg that the adjournment of the opening
of the British Parliament encourages the
Porto to resist Russia and will compel the
latter to march to Constantinople seems
like the seizure of a pretext for what was
always intended by the Czar but has never
hitherto been admitted. At first, in accord-
ance with past precedents, Russia was all
moderation. She only unsheathed the sword;
it was alleged, in defence of the Christian
subjects of the SULTAN; she was not actuated
by any lust of conquest or desire for more
territory. Indeed, it was with the most
profound reluctance, and only after the
utter failure of all attempts to bring the
Turkish Government to reason, that the
order was given to the Russian army to
cross the border. This is what our Blue-
coat friends say; all Europe knows the
measure of truth there is in the statement.
The arch-deceiver *Ivanov* played his game
adroitly, but he could not impose upon the
world as to make it believe that Russia had
no deeper aims than the welfare of the
Bulgarian Christians. Nor will the present
attempt to fatten upon England the re-
sponsibility for the continuance of the war
and the proposed capture of Constantinople
be more successful. Every unprejudiced
person must have divined that this was the
Russian intention from the outset,
and that, if successful, they intended to
dictate the terms of peace under the shadow
of the dome of St. Sophia. If they reach
the Turkish capital they will then throw
off the mask when we shall see them in their
true colours, and know the full extent of their
demands.

The semi-official announcement at St. Peters-
burg that the adjournment of the opening
of the British Parliament encourages the
Porto to resist Russia and will compel the
latter to march to Constantinople seems
like the seizure of a pretext for what was
always intended by the Czar but has never
hitherto been admitted. At first, in accord-
ance with past precedents, Russia was all
moderation. She only unsheathed the sword;
it was alleged, in defence of the Christian
subjects of the SULTAN; she was not actuated
by any lust of conquest or desire for more
territory. Indeed, it was with the most
profound reluctance, and only after the
utter failure of all attempts to bring the
Turkish Government to reason, that the
order was given to the Russian army to
cross the border. This is what our Blue-
coat friends say; all Europe knows the
measure of truth there is in the statement.
The arch-deceiver *Ivanov* played his game
adroitly, but he could not impose upon the
world as to make it believe that Russia had
no deeper aims than the welfare of the
Bulgarian Christians. Nor will the present
attempt to fatten upon England the re-
sponsibility for the continuance of the war
and the proposed capture of Constantinople
be more successful. Every unprejudiced
person must have divined that this was the
Russian intention from the outset,
and that, if successful, they intended to
dictate the terms of peace under the shadow
of the dome of St. Sophia. If they reach
the Turkish capital they will then throw
off the mask when we shall see them in their
true colours, and know the full extent of their
demands.

The semi-official announcement at St. Peters-
burg that the adjournment of the opening
of the British Parliament encourages the
Porto to resist Russia and will compel the
latter to march to Constantinople seems
like the seizure of a pretext for what was
always intended by the Czar but has never
hitherto been admitted. At first, in accord-
ance with past precedents, Russia was all
moderation. She only unsheathed the sword;
it was alleged, in defence of the Christian
subjects of the SULTAN; she was not actuated
by any lust of conquest or desire for more
territory. Indeed, it was with the most
profound reluctance, and only after the
utter failure of all attempts to bring the
Turkish Government to reason, that the
order was given to the Russian army to
cross the border. This is what our Blue-
coat friends say; all Europe knows the
measure of truth there is in the statement.
The arch-deceiver *Ivanov* played his game
adroitly, but he could not impose upon the
world as to make it believe that Russia had
no deeper aims than the welfare of the
Bulgarian Christians. Nor will the present
attempt to fatten upon England the re-
sponsibility for the continuance of the war
and the proposed capture of Constantinople
be more successful. Every unprejudiced
person must have divined that this was the
Russian intention from the outset,
and that, if successful, they intended to
dictate the terms of peace under the shadow
of the dome of St. Sophia. If they reach
the Turkish capital they will then throw
off the mask when we shall see them in their
true colours, and know the full extent of their
demands.

The semi-official announcement at St. Peters-
burg that the adjournment of the opening
of the British Parliament encourages the
Porto to resist Russia and will compel the
latter to march to Constantinople seems
like the seizure of a pretext for what was
always intended by the Czar but has never
hitherto been admitted. At first, in accord-
ance with past precedents, Russia was all
moderation. She only unsheathed the sword;
it was alleged, in defence of the Christian
subjects of the SULTAN; she was not actuated
by any lust of conquest or desire for more
territory. Indeed, it was with the most
profound reluctance, and only after the
utter failure of all attempts to bring the
Turkish Government to reason, that the
order was given to the Russian army to
cross the border. This is what our Blue-
coat friends say; all Europe knows the
measure of truth there is in the statement.
The arch-deceiver *Ivanov* played his game
adroitly, but he could not impose upon the
world as to make it believe that Russia had
no deeper aims than the welfare of the
Bulgarian Christians. Nor will the present
attempt to fatten upon England the re-
sponsibility for the continuance of the war
and the proposed capture of Constantinople
be more successful. Every unprejudiced
person must have divined that this was the
Russian intention from the outset,
and that, if successful, they intended to
dictate the terms of peace under the shadow
of the dome of St. Sophia. If they reach
the Turkish capital they will then throw
off the mask when we shall see them in their
true colours, and know the full extent of their
demands.

The semi-official announcement at St. Peters-
burg that the adjournment of the opening
of the British Parliament encourages the
Porto to resist Russia and will compel the
latter to march to Constantinople seems
like the seizure of a pretext for what was
always intended by the Czar but has never
hitherto been admitted. At first, in accord-
ance with past precedents, Russia was all
moderation. She only unsheathed the sword;
it was alleged, in defence of the Christian
subjects of the SULTAN; she was not actuated
by any lust of conquest or desire for more
territory. Indeed, it

